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A Bad Year For Walkers: Pedestrian Deaths Surged During Pandemic Despite Drop In Driving



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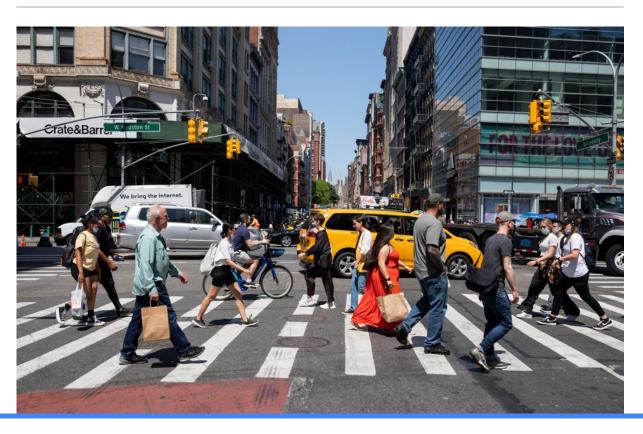


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The safety trends for people walking on U.S. roads are not good. Both the total number of deaths and the rate of death based on miles driven soared in 2020. Drivers struck and killed an estimated 6,721 people on foot last year, and "a shocking and unprecedented" 21% spike in the pedestrian fatality rate from 2019 to 2020 was the largest ever annual increase as a result of traffic crashes since the government's tracking system was established in 1975.

The likely causes for the surge include reckless and dangerous driving like speeding, drunk and drugged driving, and distraction, which were rampant on U.S. roads during the Covid-19 pandemic, even though overall driving was down.

Those are some of the highlights of "Pedestrian Traffic Fatalities by State: 2020 Preliminary Data Addendum" released on Thursday by the Governors Highway Safety Association (GHSA), a nonprofit organization representing state highway safety offices.

"Last year was filled with so much death and loss as Covid swept across the country," Jonathan Adkins, executive director of the GHSA, said in a statement.

In March the safety group released data for the first six months of 2020; the addendum includes new data for the entire year. Both analyses were fatality projections comparing 2020 to 2019 based on preliminary state-by-state data.

"We cannot allow ourselves to become numb to these unacceptable numbers of pedestrian deaths," Richard Retting of Sam Schwartz

Consulting, who conducted the data analysis for both the original report and the addendum, said in a statement.

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Thinking Of Not Wearing A Motorcycle Helmet? Think Again

Pedestrian Traffic Fatalities by State 2020 PRELIMINARY DATA ADDENDUM

| DE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRE | - | OUTION DY | Percentage Cha | | |
|--|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Table 2 | | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | Jan-Dec 2020 (Projected) | Change from | 2019 to 2020 |
| edestrian | State | Jan-Dec 2019 | (Projected) | 91 | 172% |
| atalities by State, | Vermont | 18 | 8 | 5 | 187% |
| Jan-Dec 2019 & 2020 | | | | | |
| Commence Charles Windows | Rhode Island | 6 | 18 | 10 7 | 125% |
| Sources: State Highway Safety Offices and GHSA data analysis | | | 19 | | 116% |
| | South Dakota | 8 | 14 | 6 | 75% |
| | New Hampshire | 10 | 16 | 6 | 609 |
| | North Dakota | 5 | 9 | 9 | 60% |
| | Mississippi | 67 | 104 | 97 | 55% |
| | Arkansas | 61 | 91 | 90 | 49% |
| | District of Columbia | 9 | 19 | 4 | 44% |
| | Indiana | 75 | 109 | 29 | 37% |
| | Nevada | 69 | 89 | 19 | 27% |
| | Connecticut | 59 | 65 | 12 | 23% |
| | lowa | 22 | 27 | 5 | 299 |
| | Colorado | 76 | 92 | 16 | 219 |
| | Ohlo | 129 | 154 | 26 | 209 |
| | Michigan | 149 | 177 | 28 | 1996 |
| | Maryland | 125 | 147 | 22 | 189 |
| | Tennessee | 149 | 172 | 24 | 169 |
| | Georgia | 239 | 279 | 94 | 149 |
| | Missouri | 111 | 124 | 19 | 129 |
| | Louisiana | 122 | 196 | 14 | 1196 |
| | North Carolina | 236 | 269 | 27 | 1190 |
| | South Carolina | 164 | 180 | 16 | 109 |
| | New Jersey | 175 | 191 | 16 | 9% |
| | Texas | 661 | 729 | 62 | 9% |
| | Washington | 101 | 110 | 9 | 9% |
| | Kentucky | 77 | 82 | 5 | 696 |
| | Montana | 17 | 19 | 1 | 696 |
| | Arizona | 220 | 225 | 5 | 2% |
| | California | 1,020 | 1,026 | 6 | 1% |
| | New Mexico | 89 | 84 | 1 | 196 |
| | Florida | 745 | 729 | -16 | -29 |
| | Wisconsin | 59 | 52 | -1 | -296 |
| | Minnesota | 50 | 47 | -9 | -89 |
| | Oregon | 85 | 80 | -5 | -696 |
| | Pennsylvania | 154 | 145 | -9 | -696 |
| | Virginia | 124 | 114 | -10 | -89 |
| | Virginia | 171 | 114 | -10 -16 | -9% |
| | Oklahoma | 99 | 155 | -16 | -94 |
| | | | | | |
| | Utah | 99 | 94 | -4 | -1096 |
| | Idaho | 14 | 12 | -2 | -14% |
| | Nebraska | 20 | 17 | -9 | -15% |
| | Alabama | 114 | 96 | -19 | -1696 |
| | New York | 296 | 295 | -51 | -189 |
| | Wyoming | 10 | 9 | -2 | -20% |
| | Massachusetts | 76 | 59 | -29 | -90% |
| | West Virginia | 92 | 22 | -10 | -9196 |
| | Hawall | 97 | 20 | -17 | -4696 |
| | Delaware | 92 | 17 | -15 | -47% |
| | Maine | 17 | 9 | -8 | -47% |
| | Total | 6,412 | 6,721 | 309 | 4.8% |

Chart details nedestrian traffic fatalities by state GOVERNORS HIGHWAY SAFETY ASSOCIATION

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- Pedestrians accounted for 17% of all traffic deaths in 2019, compared to 13% in 2010. Pedestrian deaths have risen by 46% over the past decade, but the number of all other traffic deaths increased by only 5%.
- Drivers struck and killed a larger proportion of Black,
 Indigenous and People of Color traveling on foot than expected based on their respective share of the population.
- Most pedestrians are killed on **local roads**, **in the dark and away from intersections**. During the past 10 years, the number of drivers hitting and killing a pedestrian after dark increased by 54%, compared to a 16% rise in pedestrian fatalities during the day.
- Driver and/or pedestrian alcohol impairment was reported in nearly half of traffic crashes that resulted in a pedestrian fatality.
- Sport utility vehicles (SUVs) cause **more serious and fatal pedestrian injuries than passenger cars**, the largest category of vehicles in fatal pedestrian crashes, and during the past decade that number increased at a faster rate than those involving passenger cars.

Despite the troubling statistics in the overall increase in pedestrian fatalities, there was some good news: Nineteen states experienced a decrease in the number of walkers killed by drivers in 2020, and eleven states reported double-digit declines.

The earlier report also highlighted strategies known to be effective to reduce crashes and injuries.

These include: engineering and road design improvements like safer

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"As America gets vaccinated and returns to normal, we need to treat pedestrian safety like the public health emergency that it is," Adkins added. "We must strengthen our efforts to protect those on foot from traffic violence by implementing equitable and proven countermeasures that protect people walking and address those driving behaviors that pose the greatest risk."

To access the earlier full report and the new addendum, click here.

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Tanya Mohn

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Tanya Mohn covers road safety and consumer travel issues for Forbes. She is a regular contributor to The New York Times, and has reported for the BBC, NBC News, ABC...

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